

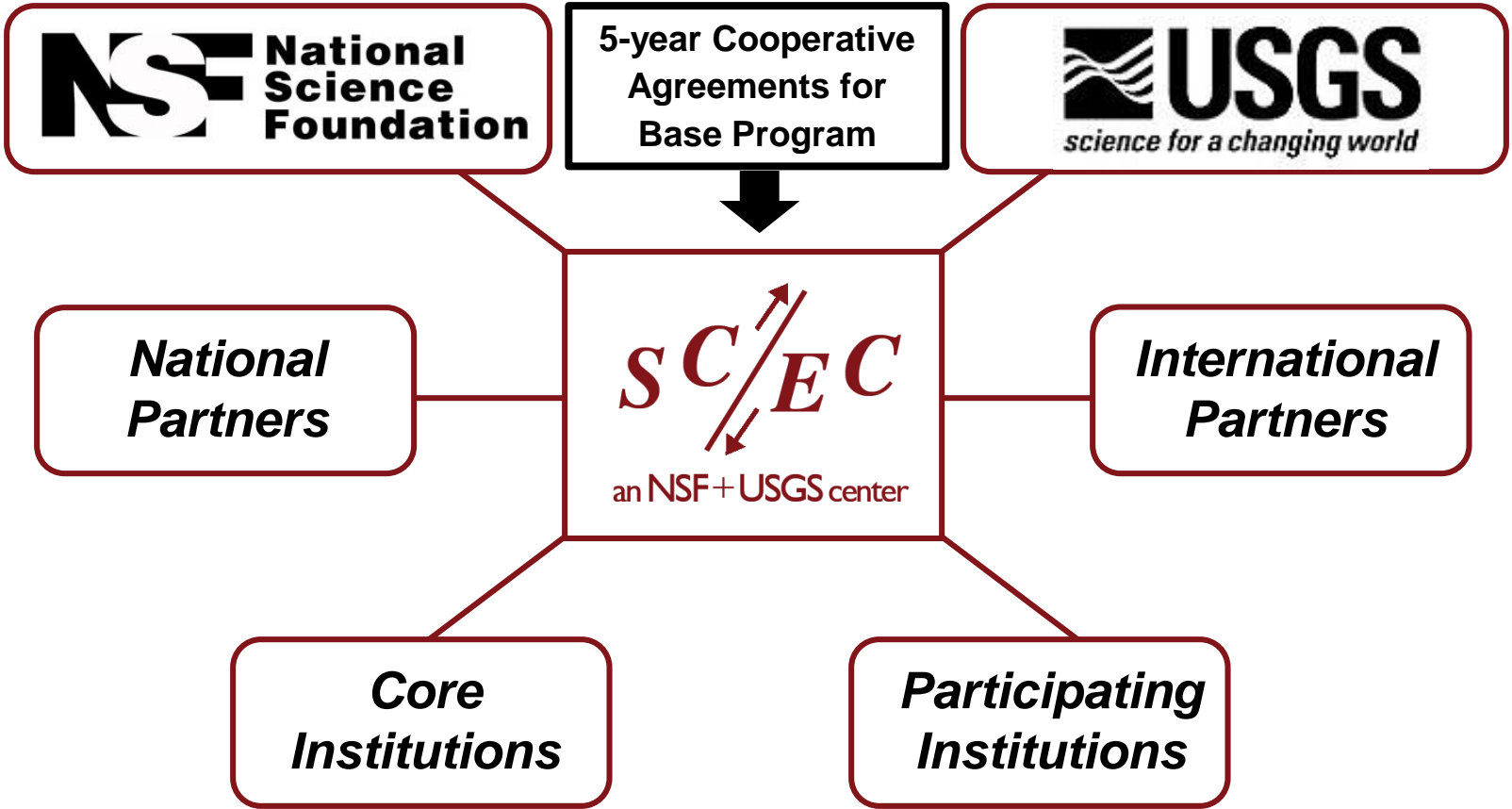
Southern California Earthquake Center

Post-Earthquake Response Planning

Mike Oskin, UC Davis

Leader for Geology, Science Planning Committee

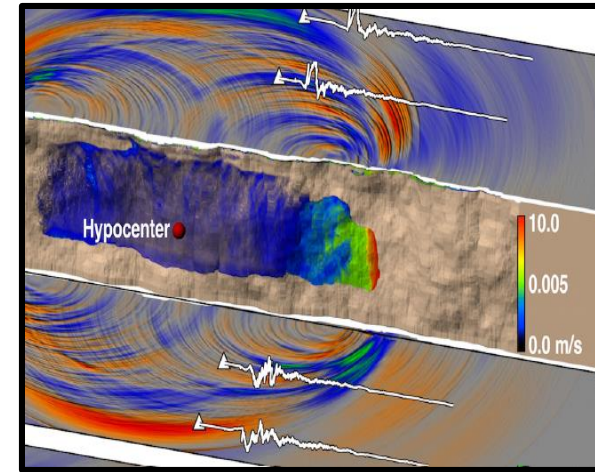
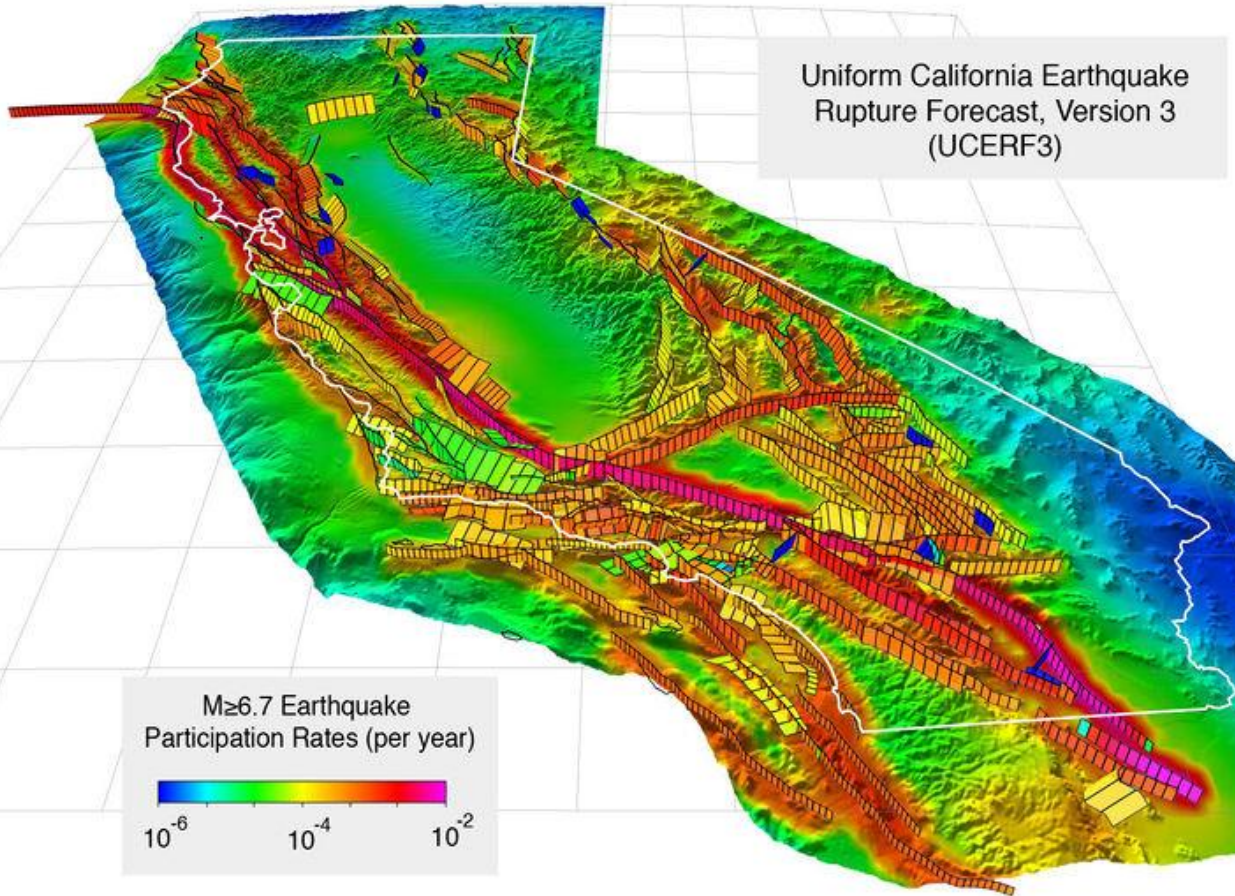
The SCEC Partnership



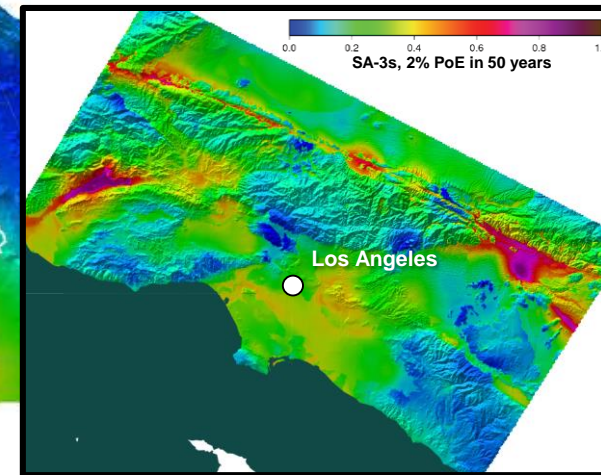
SCEC Mission Statement

- **Gather data** on earthquakes in Southern California and elsewhere
- **Integrate information** into a comprehensive, physics-based understanding of earthquake phenomena
- **Communicate understanding** to the world at large as useful knowledge for reducing earthquake risk

Toward a comprehensive, physics-based understanding of earthquake phenomena

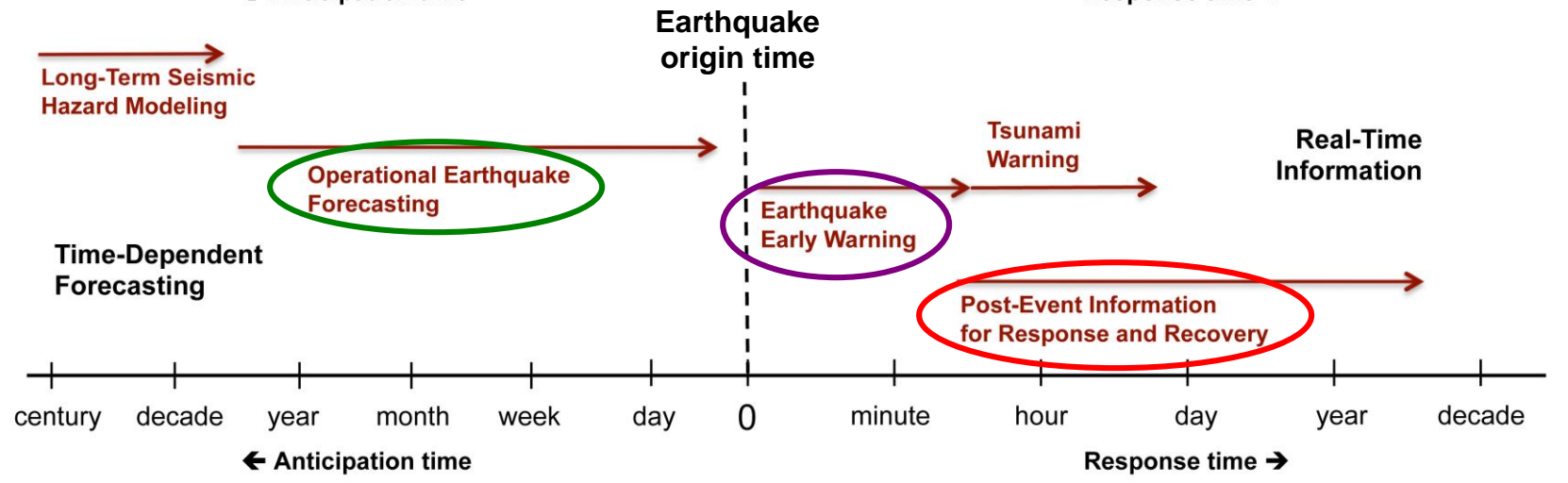
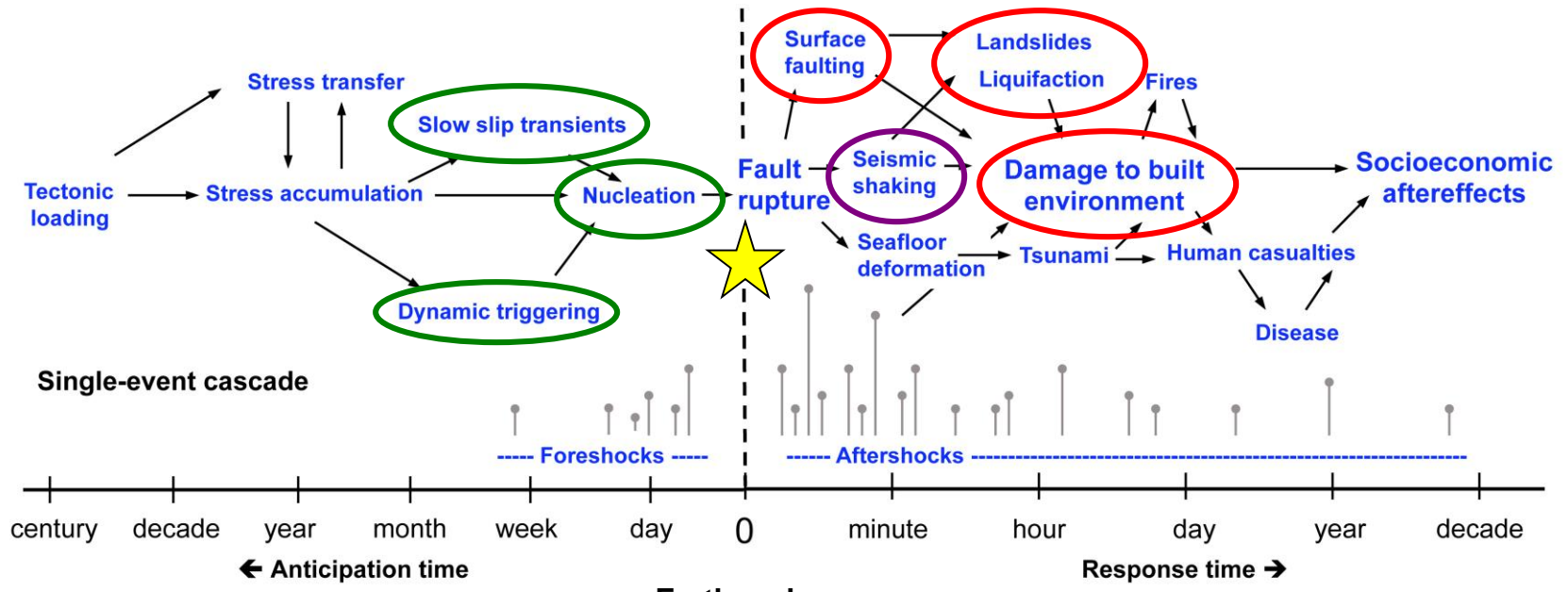


Dynamic rupture model on SAF



Shaking hazard model

SCEC4 Theme: Tracking Earthquake Cascades



SCEC Post-Earthquake Response Goals

- **Coordinate scientific observations and experiments**
 - Fault rupture mapping
 - Instrument deployment
 - See response.scec.org
- **Advance and test earthquake science**
 - Seismic hazard modeling
 - Ground motion prediction
 - Earthquake forecasting (time-dependent hazard)
- **Foster communication and open data sharing**
 - Rapid dissemination of information
 - Collection of open community data sets
 - Agency-academic collaboration
- **Communicate earthquake science to the public**

Two Goals for Aerial Reconnaissance

- **Location of fault rupture**
 - Preliminary imagery collection
 - Planning for rupture mapping
 - Strategic deployment of instruments (GPS, seismometers)
 - Designing post-earthquake lidar data collection
- **Pockets of anomalous rupture**
 - Testing and refining ground-motion prediction from aftershocks
- *Post-event phenomena (aftershocks, post-seismic creep) decay rapidly, thus it is critical to get information and instruments deployed as quickly as is feasible.*
- *Aftershocks are the most predictable of earthquakes. Post-earthquake response is an opportunity to improve earthquake forecasting and, perhaps, capture the nucleation phase of a large aftershock.*